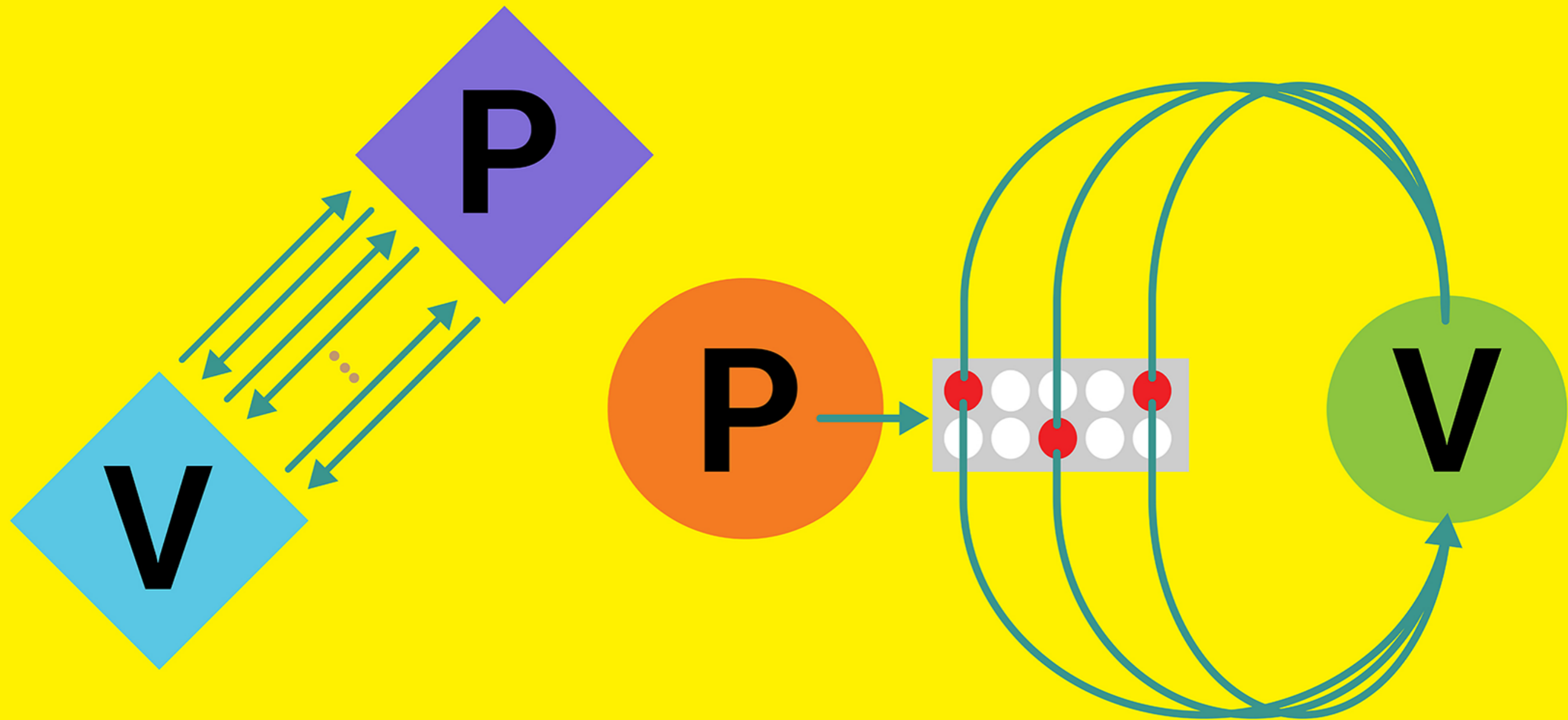


Foundations of Probabilistic Proofs

A course by **Alessandro Chiesa**



Organization

Instructor: Alessandro Chiesa

Teaching Assistants: Burcu Yıldız, Guy Weissenberg

Lectures:

Tuesdays and Wednesdays 13:15-15:00.

In person attendance/interaction.

No recordings or live streaming.

Recitations: Wednesdays 15:15-16:00

Office hours:

- Alessandro → by appointment

- Burcu, Guy → Wednesdays 16:15-17:00 in BC242

Materials: `probabilistic-proofs-course.org`

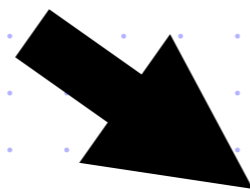
Assignments: weekly homework + end-of-semester project

Grading: 60% homework + 30% project presentation + 10% project report



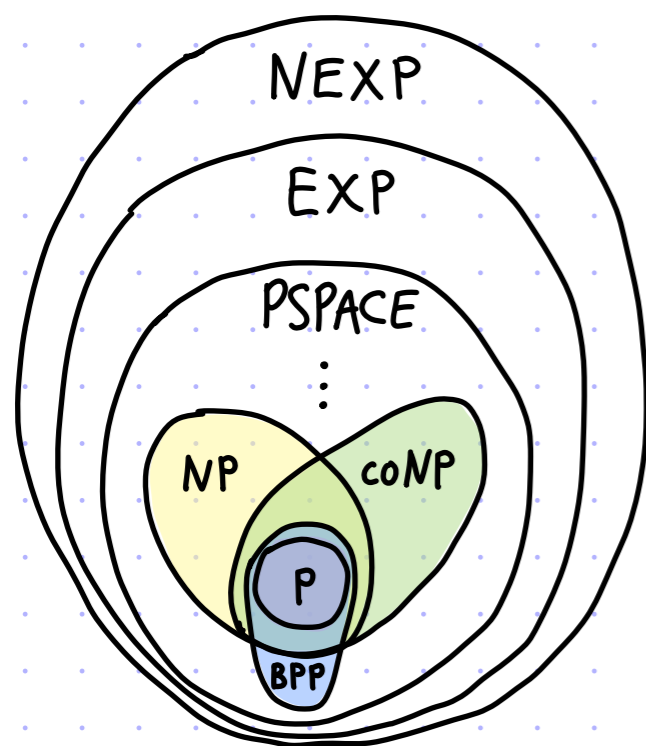
Background

- finite fields (\mathbb{F}_q for prime q)
- basics of linear codes (rate, distance, ...)
- univariate polynomials ($\mathbb{F}[X]$) and multivariate polynomials ($\mathbb{F}[X_1, \dots, X_n]$)
- basic complexity theory:
 - machines, circuits, reductions
 - Cook-Levin theorem
 - basic complexity classes



Goals

- understand different MODELS
 - interactive proofs (IPs)
 - probabilistically checkable proofs (PCPs)
 - interactive oracle proofs (IOPs)
- understand their POWER
 - check "hard" problems beyond BPP
 - exponential savings in communication or time
 - zero knowledge
- design & analyze



Course Plan

Unit 1: Interactive Proofs

- arithmetization
- sumcheck protocol
- $IP=PSPACE$
- low-degree extensions
- GKR protocol
- zero-knowledge IPs

Unit 2: Probabilistically Checkable Proofs

- linearity testing
- exponential-size PCPs
- low-degree testing
- polynomial-size PCPs
- sublinear verification

Unit 3: Interactive Oracle Proofs

- linear-size IOPs
- univariate sumcheck
- FRI protocol

Unit 4: Additional Topics

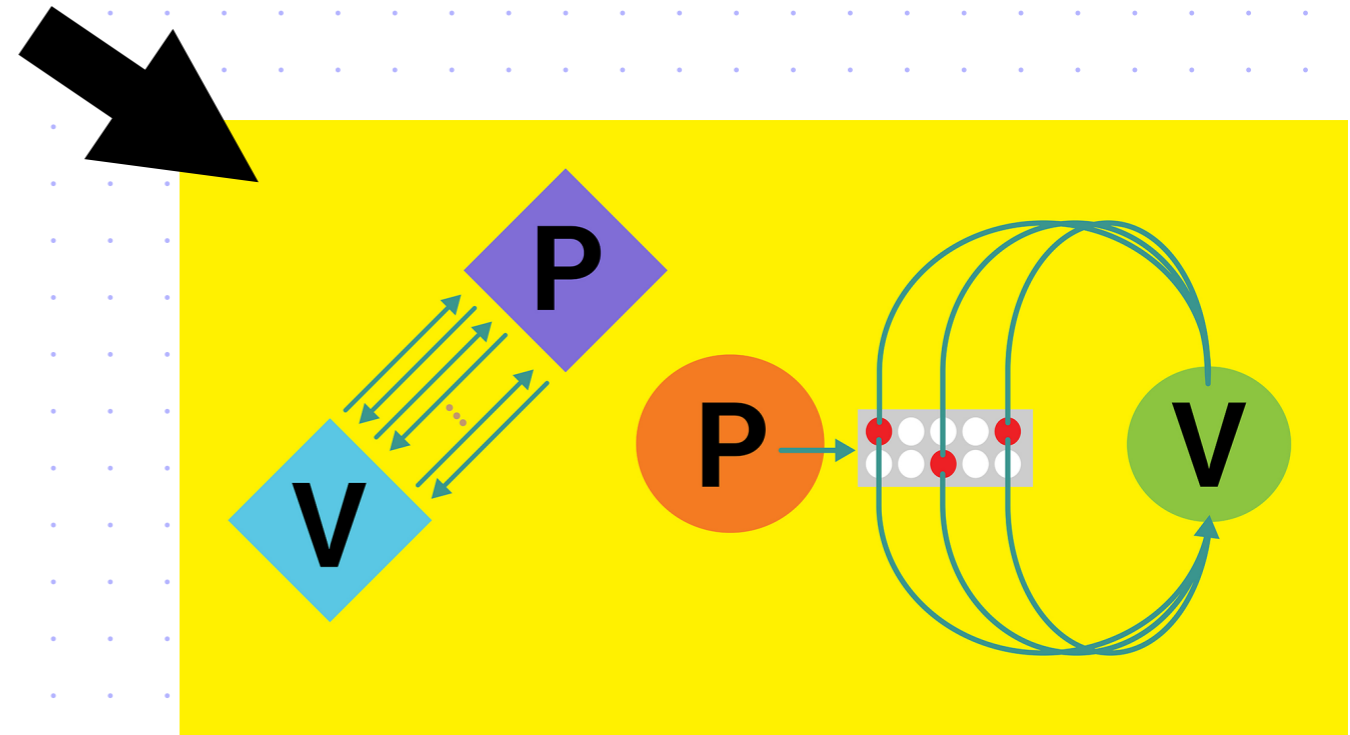
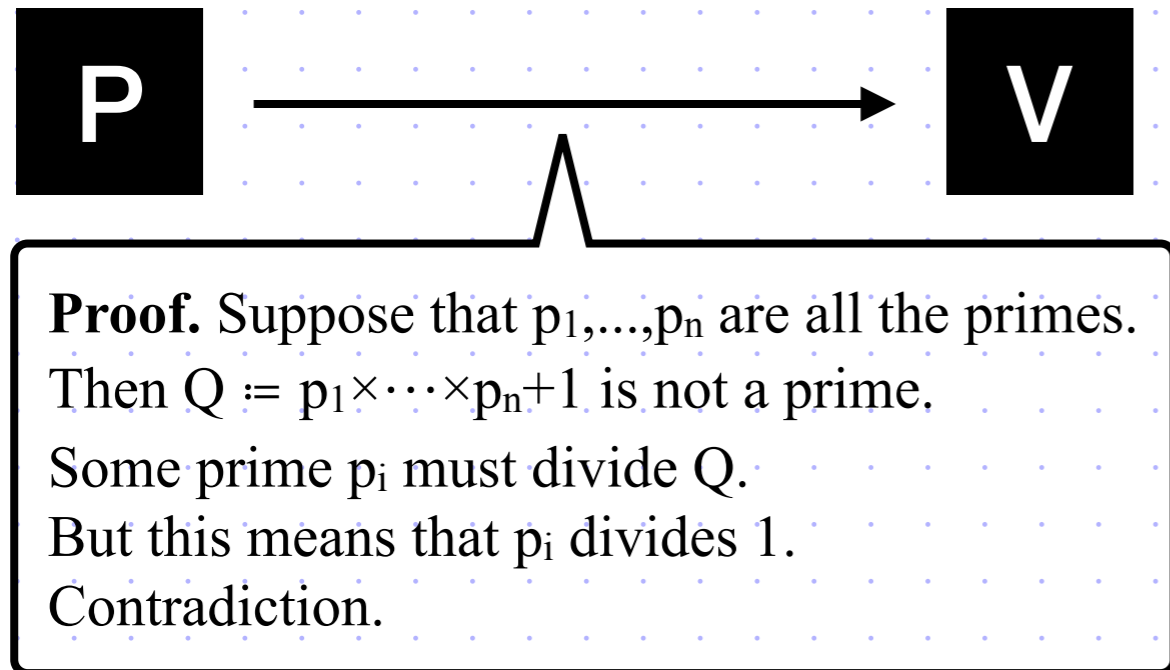
- holographic proofs
- proof composition
- PCP Theorem
- public vs. private coins
- limitations of probabilistic proofs
- parallel repetition
- hardness of approximation

Philosophy

Probabilistic proofs are meaningful **re-envisionings** of the classical notion of a mathematical proof (which did not change much for 2000+ years).

Theorem.

There are infinitely many primes.



Theory

Probabilistic proofs are an invaluable perspective and set of tools to **solve problems** in the theory of computation (and beyond!).

privacy & scalability
in cryptography

COMPUTATIONALLY SOUND PROOFS*

SILVIO MICALI†

Abstract. This paper puts forward a new notion of a proof based on computational complexity and explores its implications for computation at large.

hardness of approximation
(PCP Theorem & co.)

Interactive Proofs and the Hardness of Approximating Cliques

Uriel Feige * Shafi Goldwasser † Laszlo Lovasz ‡
Shmuel Safra § Mario Szegedy ¶

power of entanglement

MIP* = RE

Zhengfeng Ji*¹, Anand Natarajan†^{2,3}, Thomas Vidick‡³, John Wright§^{2,3,4}, and Henry Yuen¶⁵

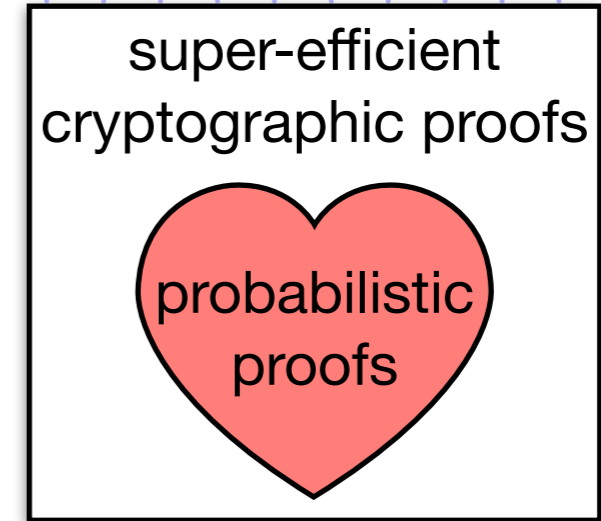
Why Care?

[3/3]

Security

Probabilistic proofs are the algorithmic heart of super-efficient cryptographic proofs.

Such cryptographic proofs are a **powerful tool** in secure distributed systems and more.



1. privacy-preserving digital currencies



2. scalability in blockchains ("roll-ups")

(see www.12beat.com)



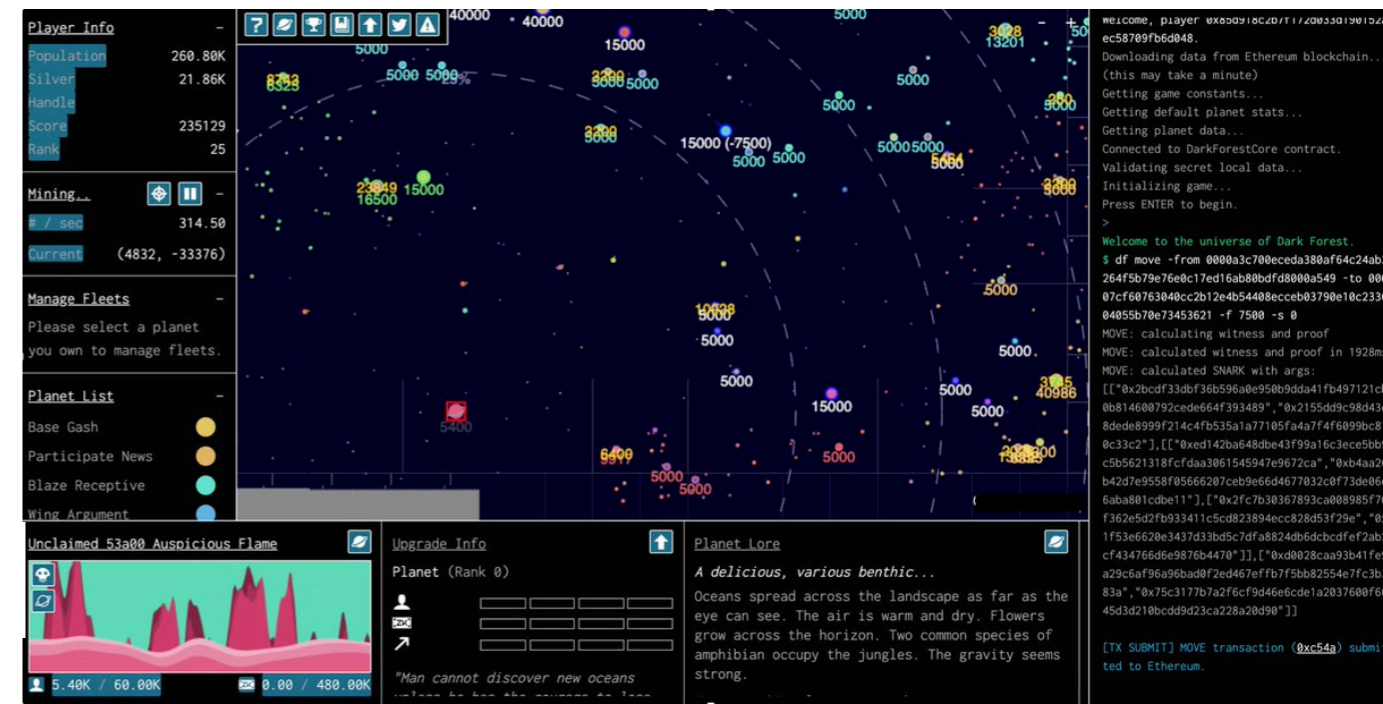
3. disclose software vulnerabilities in zero knowledge

4. digital identities with privacy

5. image authentication with privacy

⋮

N. P2P games!



Let's get started!

Bibliography

Background

Fundamentals of computational complexity:

[Computational Complexity: A Modern Approach](#) by Sanjeev Arora and Boaz Barak.

- Turing machines, complexity classes, and reductions (1.2-1.5, 2.2).
- The Cook–Levin theorem (2.3).
- P, NP, PSPACE, NEXP, and their complete languages (1.6, 2.1, 2.6, 4.1, 4.2).
- The computation model of Boolean circuits, circuit satisfiability, and exponential size circuits (6.1-6.4, 6.8).
- Probabilistic computation and BPP (7.1-7.4).

(▶[Theory of computation course](#)) by Michael Sipser.

Finite fields and their properties:

- Forney's [Introduction to finite fields](#) (chapter 7).
- Sutherland's notes on [finite fields and integer arithmetic](#).
- Guruswami's [cheat sheet on finite fields](#).

Theory

- [Micali 2000]: [Computationally sound proofs](#), by Silvio Micali.
- [FGLSS 1996]: [Interactive proofs and the hardness of approximating cliques](#), by Uriel Feige, Shafi Goldwasser, Laszlo Lovasz, Shumel Safra, Mario Szegedy.
- [JNVWY 2020]: [MIP* = RE](#). Zhengfeng Ji, Anand Natarajan, Thomas Vidick, John Wright, Henry Yuen. ([CACM article](#))

Practice

- **Privacy-preserving digital currencies:** [Zcash](#), [Monero](#), [Aleo](#).
- **Roll-ups** (see [l2beat.com](#)): [Starkware](#), [Aztec](#), [Polygon](#), [zkSync](#), [Loopring](#), ...
- **zkVMs:** [RISC0](#), [Succinct](#), [Jolt](#).
- **Digital identities:** [zkLogin](#), [Google ZK](#).
- **Image authentication:** [PhotoProof](#), [ZK-IMG](#), [VerITAS](#).
- [Software vulnerabilities](#), [P2P games](#), ...